violation of 33 U.S.C. § 1908(a), and one count of Obstruction of an Agency Proceeding, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1505.

TERMS

- 2. FUKUICHI understands that the maximum sentence for a violation of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships is a \$500,000 fine, a special assessment fee of \$400, and five years of probation. FUKUICHI understands that the maximum sentence for Obstruction of an Agency Proceeding is a \$500,000 fine, a special assessment fee of \$400, and five years of probation.
- 2(a). FUKUICHI understands that the fine and special assessment must be paid at the time of sentencing.
- 2(b). Upon the District Court's adjudication of guilt of FUKUICHI for violations of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a) and Title 18, United States Code, Section 1505, the United States Attorney for the District of Guam, and the Environmental Crimes Section of the Department of Justice, will not file any further criminal charges against FUKUICHI arising out of the same transactions or occurrences to which FUKUICHI has pled.
- 2(c). Nothing in this agreement shall protect FUKUICHI in any way from prosecution for any offense committed after the date of this agreement.
- 2(d). FUKUICHI agrees to waive any objections it may have to the United States' jurisdiction over this action or to venue in the District of Guam.

RULE 11(c)(1)(C) WARNINGS

3. Defendant is aware that, pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C) the Court may accept or reject the plea agreement, or may defer its decision as to its acceptance or rejection until it has considered the pre-sentence report. If the Court rejects the plea agreement, the court shall, on the record, inform the parties of this fact, and afford Defendant an

opportunity to withdraw the guilty plea and advise Defendant that if Defendant persists in a guilty plea, the disposition of the case may be less favorable to Defendant than that contemplated in the plea agreement. In addition, as part of the terms and conditions of this plea agreement, the parties agree that, should the Court envision sentencing Defendant to a fine or conditions lesser than the recommendation in paragraph 8 below, the United States has the right to withdraw from the plea agreement entirely.

ELEMENTS OF OFFENSES

- 4. Defendant acknowledges that the government can prove the following essential elements of Counts One through Three as set forth in the Information:
- COUNT 1: (1) Defendant was a person;
 - (2) Defendant owned the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112, a vessel of 400 gross tons or above, which operated under the authority of a country other than the United States:
 - (3) Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, knowingly maintained an Oil Record Book that did not accurately record the disposal of oily bilge waste and oily mixtures; and
 - (4) The knowing failure to accurately maintain the Oil Record Book occurred in the navigable waters and jurisdiction of the United States.

All in violation of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a); Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 151.09(a)(5), 151.25(a), (d)(3), and (d)(5); and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

- COUNT 2: (1) Defendant was a person;
 - (2) Defendant owned the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112, a vessel operated under the authority of a country other than the United States;

- (3) Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, knowingly maintained an inaccurate and false Garbage Record Book; and
- (4) The knowing failure to accurately maintain the Garbage Record Book occurred within the navigable waters and jurisdiction of the United States.

All in violation of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a); Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 151.51(a)(2), 151.55(a), (b), (d), and (f); and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

COUNT 3: (1) Defendant was a person;

- (2) The Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, obstructed, impeded, or endeavored to impede any pending proceeding held before any department or agency of the United States; and
- (3) The Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, acted corruptly.

 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1505.

SENTENCING GUIDELINES

5. The parties agree that the imposition of a fine is not governed by the Sentencing Guidelines. That is because, although the offense conduct to which Defendant is pleading guilty is covered by U.S.S.G. § 2Q1.3, "Mishandling of Other Environmental Pollutants; Recordkeeping, Tampering, and Falsification," and U.S.S.G. § 2J1.2, "Obstruction of Justice," those Guidelines are not listed under U.S.S.G. § 8C2.1, which governs criminal fines for organizations. Accordingly, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 8C2.10, the sentence of a fine is determined by applying Title 18, United States Code, Sections 3553 and 3572.

FACTUAL BASIS

6. Defendant is pleading guilty because the Defendant is in fact guilty of the charges contained in Counts One through Three. In pleading guilty to these offenses, Defendant

acknowledges that should the case go to trial, the government could present evidence to support these charges beyond a reasonable doubt. The Factual Basis is as follows.

- 6(a). The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 is an ocean-going, stern-chute, purse-seiner fishing vessel. The vessel is 1,093 gross tons and is registered or "flagged" by Japan. FUKUICHI has owned and operated the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 since 1990. FUKUICHI is a company registered in Japan with an operating address of Kabushiki Kaiysa 5-9-25, Nakaminato, Yaizushi, Shizuoka-ken, 425-0021 Japan. FUKUICHI also owns and operates four other fishing vessels including the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 83, F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 85, F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 123, and F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 128.
- 6(b). The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 has a crew consisting of, among others, a Captain, Fish Master, Chief Engineer and First Officer. These crewmembers acted on behalf of FUKUICHI to carry out activities on the vessel to ensure the vessel was able to operate internationally. All of the actions taken by these crewmembers as described in this Factual Basis were within the course and scope of their employment and/or agency on behalf of FUKUICHI and for its benefit, at least in part.
- 6(c). On or about April 1, 2019, in Apra Harbor, Guam, members of the U.S. Coast Guard ("the inspectors") conducted a Port State Control examination of the *F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112*. The *F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112* had called upon Apra Harbor to effectuate repairs on its cargo refrigeration system. The inspectors discovered fifteen pollution and safety deficiencies and detained the vessel pursuant to the International Convention on the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ("MARPOL"). The inspectors discovered that there were numerous leaks of water and oil that accumulated in the engine room bilge including from service pumps, the fish hold cooling system, the diesel generators and other machinery.

- 6(d). The inspectors examined the vessel's Oil Water Separator ("OWS"). They asked the Chief Engineer of the vessel to demonstrate proper operation of the OWS, as is typical in a Port State Control Inspection. The Chief Engineer was unable to demonstrate proper operation of the OWS. The inspectors examined the OWS suction and discharge piping and found it to have no oily residue but it also appeared to not have been used recently. The inspectors, utilizing the services of an interpreter, questioned the Chief Engineer about the practice that he used on the vessel to manage oily bilge water and oil waste (also known as oil mixtures). The Chief Engineer stated that he had discharged oily bilge water and oil mixtures directly overboard through the emergency bilge pump system and by using buckets without using the OWS.
- 6(e). The inspectors examined the emergency bilge pump system and discovered that the emergency bilge pump valve was coated in heavy black oil. A flexible hose connected to the discharge side of the emergency bilge pump also contained oily residue. The examination of the OWS, emergency bilge piping, and the statements by the Chief Engineer, all indicated that it was a long-standing practice on the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 to discharge oily bilge water and oily mixtures directly into the sea without using an OWS or an incinerator.
- one hardbound book that covered a time span of nearly thirty years. The inspectors noted that this was highly unusual and that a properly maintained ORB would span several volumes over the course of years. The inspectors noted that there were two hundred and thirty-three entries in the ORB indicating that the OWS was used, however, the throughput for the OWS recorded in the ORB exceeded the maximum throughput for the OWS that was documented on the International Oil Pollution Prevent ("IOPP") certificate. A subsequent review of the ORB later in the inspection revealed that the Chief Engineer had erased forty-two of the original entries in the ORB and replaced them with a throughput capacity that matched the IOPP certificate. The inspectors also

found that: (1) there were one hundred and ninety-two weekly tank soundings for the sludge tank (weekly collection) that were not logged in the ORB as required, (2) there were fifty-one shore-side disposal receipts that were not logged in the ORB as required, (3) there were seventy-one lubrication and bunker fuel deliveries that were not recorded in the ORB as required, and (4) there were seventy entries in the ORB that indicated a discharge had occurred, however, the locations of the discharges (in latitude and longitude) were not recorded as required.

6(g). The inspectors also examined the Garbage Record Book ("GRB"). The inspectors discovered that instead of the officer in charge of the operations signing his name, there were simply "ditto" marks. The GRB was missing sixty-seven entries for shore-side discharges dating from February 6, 2015, until April 1, 2019. The vessel also had onboard sixty garbage discharge receipts that did not indicate an estimated quantity of wastes discharged to the facility as required. During interviews of crewmembers, the inspectors discovered that animal carcasses and fishing gear, including plastics, had been discharged overboard from the vessel but not recorded in the GRB as required.

COOPERATION

7. Defendant agrees to cooperate with the United States' continuing investigation. Such cooperation will consist of providing for the transportation, lodging, and per diem costs associated with any employee or former employee of FUKUICHI that the United States requests to be present in Guam for further related proceedings.

SENTENCING RECOMMENDATIONS

8. The parties agree, having taken into consideration all of the sentencing factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. §§ 3553 and 3572, that the following sentence should be imposed upon Defendant:

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8(a). Having pleaded guilty to Counts One through Three of the Information. FUKUICHI shall (1) pay a criminal fine of \$1,500,000.00, payable immediately; (2) pay a special assessment of \$1,200.00, payable immediately; (3) be placed on probation for a period for five years, (4) as a condition of probation, no vessel owned or operated by FUKUICHI shall be permitted to enter the Exclusive Economic Zone, Territorial Sea, or a port or terminal belonging to or appertaining to the United States without the express permission of the U.S. Coast Guard Captain of the Port ("COTP") responsible for the area, (5) in the event FUKUICHI wants one of its owned or operated vessels to enter the Exclusive Economic Zone, Territorial Sea, or a port or terminal belonging to or appertaining to the United States, it shall implement and submit a comprehensive Environmental Compliance Plan ("ECP") and associated vessel audits to the relevant COTP thirty days prior to entry, who shall have full discretion whether to deny or permit entry. The submitted ECP must include annual audits of FUKUICHI's vessels to ensure they are in compliance with MARPOL. None of these conditions shall be construed to prevent entry of a vessel owned or operated by FUKUICHI into the United States pursuant to a valid claim of force majeure. FUKUICHI acknowledges that it has posted \$1,500,000.00 to the trust account of its attorney, Daniel J. Berman, to be used solely to pay the fine imposed by the Court for this matter.

WAIVER OF APPELLATE RIGHTS

9. Defendant is aware that Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742 affords Defendant the right to appeal the sentence imposed. Acknowledging this, Defendant knowingly waives its right to appeal any sentence within the maximum provided in the statute(s) of conviction or the manner in which that sentence was determined, on the grounds set forth in Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742(a) or on any ground whatever, in exchange for the concessions made by the United States in this plea agreement. In addition, Defendant expressly waives the right to petition under Title 28, United States Code, Section 2255, with the exception

of a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel. Defendant has discussed these rights with its attorneys. Defendant understands the rights being waived, and Defendant waives these rights knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily. This agreement does not affect the rights or obligations of the United States as set forth in Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742(b).

9(a). The parties reserve the right to allocute fully and will recommend that the sentence be in accordance with this plea agreement.

VICTIM RESTITUTION

- 10. Defendant shall make full restitution to the victims regarding the crimes charged. Should the district court identify victim(s) and determine that restitution is due, the district court may require Defendant to make the restitution payable at once or on a payment schedule.
- 10(a). Defendant agrees that, while the district court sets the payment schedule, this schedule may be exceeded if and when Defendant's financial circumstances change. In that event, and consistent with its statutory obligations, the United States may take any and all actions necessary to collect the maximum amount of restitution in the most expeditious manner available.
- 10(b). Defendant further understands and agrees that the United States has the obligation and the right to pursue any legal means, including, but not limited to, submission of the debt to the Treasury Offset Program, to collect the full amount of restitution.
- 10(c). Based upon the information known to the parties at the time of execution of this plea agreement, there are no known victims.

CORPORATE RESOLUTION

11. Defendant must present in open court the original corporate resolution duly enacted by Defendant's Board of Directors authorizing the entry into this plea agreement and pledging to abide by all of its terms and the probationary terms ordered by the Court.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RIGHTS

- 12. Defendant acknowledges that Defendant has been advised of Defendant's rights as set forth below prior to entering into this Plea Agreement. Specifically, Defendant has been fully advised of, and has had sufficient opportunity to reflect upon, and understands the following:
- 12(a). The nature and elements of the charge and the mandatory minimum penalty provided by law, if any, and the maximum possible penalty provided by law;
 - 12(b). Defendant's right to be represented by an attorney;
- 12(c). Defendant's right to plead not guilty and the right to be tried by a jury and at that trial, the right to be represented by counsel, the right to confront and cross-examine witnesses against Defendant, and the right against self-incrimination, that is, the right not to testify;
- 12(d). That if Defendant pleads guilty, there will not be a further trial of any kind on the charges to which such plea is entered so that by entering into this Plea Agreement, Defendant waives, that is, gives up, the right to a trial;
- 12(e). That, upon entry of a plea of guilty, or thereafter, the Court may ask Defendant questions about the offenses to which Defendant has pled, under oath, and that if Defendant answers these questions under oath, on the record, Defendant's answers may later be used against Defendant in prosecution for perjury or false statement if an answer is untrue;
- 12(f). That Defendant agrees that the Plea Agreement is voluntary and not a result of any force, threats or promises apart from this Plea Agreement;
- 12(g). Defendant is satisfied with the representation of counsel and agrees that Defendant's counsel has done everything possible for Defendant's defense.

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CONCLUSION

1 There are no other agreements between the United States Attorney for the District 2 13. of Guam, the Environmental Crimes Section of the Department of Justice, and Defendant. 3 Defendant enters this agreement knowingly, voluntarily, and upon advice of counsel. 4 5 14. RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this day of May, 2019. 6 7 SHAWN N. ANDERSON United States Attorney 8 Districts of Guam and the NMI 9 By: MARIVIC P. DAVID 10 Assistant U.S. Attorney 11 12 By: ENNETH E. NELSON 13 Senior Trial Attorney 14 . hagura 15 Corporate Representative Fukuichi Gyogyo Kabushiki Kaisha 16 17 Daniel J. Berman 18 Attorney for Defendant 19 20

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Minutes of a Meeting of the Board of Directors of Fukuichi Gyogyo Kabushiki Kaisha, a Japanese Corporation

Meeting held on 7 th day of June 2019 at Headquarters Office in Japan

Present:

Mr. Kazushige Kondo

· President and Director

Mr. Daisuke Kondo

- Secretary and Director

Mr. Hiroshi Kondo

· Director

Mr. Kazuaki Nagura

Director (now in Guam attended by telephone)

Mr. Taichiro Kondo

- Director

Mr. Yohei Kondo

· Director

Mr. Daizo Kondo

· Director

Mr. Kazushige Kondo, President and Director of Fukuichi Gyogyo Kabushiki Kaisha (hereinafter "the Corporation") took the chair and acted as Chairman and called the Meeting to order. Mr. Daisuke Kondo acted as Secretary of the Corporation and recorded these minutes. The Chairman declared that the Notice of the Meeting had been duly waived and that all directors were present in person (except Mr. Nagura who is in Guam and attended by telephone by unanimous consent) and that the Meeting was duly constituted. On motion duly made, seconded and unanimously carried;

IT WAS RESOLVED:

THAT, the terms and conditions of the written Plea Agreement, dated 7th day of June 2019 between the United States of America and the Corporation, having been explained to the Board by its counsel, and the Board

understanding those terms and conditions, and all corporate formalities required for the authorizations contained berein having been observed, the Corporation hereby assents to those terms and conditions and agrees to enter into the said written Plea Agreement in the case No: ______ in the United States District Court for the Territory of Guam. A copy of the written Plea Agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit "B", and the underlying form of Information against the Corporation is attached as Exhibit "A"; and, whereas the Board of Directors deems it in the best interest of the Corporation to enter into the Plea Agreement; and, BE IT RESOLVED THAT, Mr. Kazushige Kondo, Authorized Representative of the Corporation, and/or Attorney Daniel J. Berman of BERMAN O'CONNOR & MANN, each be and hereby is authorized, empowered and directed to execute the Plea Agreement on behalf of the Corporation and to execute any and all other documents and instruments, and to take any and all actions to do any and all other things necessary or incidental for the execution and entry of the Plea Agreement; and, THAT, Mr. Kazushige Kondo, Authorized Representative of the Corporation, and/or Attorney Daniel J. Berman of BERMAN O'CONNOR & MANN, be and hereby are authorized to appear before the United States District Court, District of Guam, and enter a plea of guilty on behalf of the Corporation in accordance with the terms of the Plea Agreement in the case No: _____ in the United States District Court for the Territory of Guam; and, THAT, the Board, having been advised by counsel that the charges to which the Corporation will plead guilty pursuant to the written Plea Agreement in the case No: _____ in the United States District Court for the Territory of Guam, are presented by Information dated June 7th, 2019 in the form set out

in Exhibit "A"; and, the Board having been advised of the Corporation's right to be charged by grand jury indictment and fully understanding that right; THAT the Corporation hereby authorizes, directs and empowers Mr. Kazushige Kondo, Authorized Representative of the Corporation, and/or Attorney Daniel J. Berman of BERMAN O'CONNOR & MANN, to appear before the United States District Court, District of Guam, and, in that case, waive the Corporation's right to be charged by grand jury indictment and consent to being charged by Information as set out in Exhibit "A".

AND IT IS FURTHER RESOLVED:

THAT, the Corporation, acknowledges that, with the consent of its Board of Directors, it is, and has been, represented in this matter by its counsel, Attorney Daniel J. Berman of BERMAN O'CONNOR & MANN; and,

THAT, the Corporation, by its Board of Directors, acknowledges that it has been fully informed and counseled by its attorney in respect to the Plea Agreement and the possible fines, penalties and consequences thereof, and the Corporation understands the provisions of the Plea Agreement in the form set out in Exhibit "B", their contents and consequences; and,

THAT, the Corporation fully understands and accepts the conditions of probation set forth in the Plea Agreement in the form set out in Exhibit "B".

AND IT IS FURTHER RESOLVED:

THAT, the Board of Directore deem it in the best interests of the Corporation to enter into that Plea Agreement in the form set out in Exhibit "B"; and, THAT, Mr. Kazushige Kondo, Authorized Representative of the Corporation, and/or Attorney Daniel J. Berman of BERMAN O'CONNOR & MANN, be and are hereby authorized, to appear before the Court at the time of sentencing, to allocute on behalf of the Corporation, and to do any and all things necessary to

enter the plea of guilty to the charges against the Corporation set out in the Information (in the form of Exhibit "A") and to accept the sentence imposed by the Court on behalf of the Corporation, and to deliver payment of any and all fines, community service payments and special assessments, as required.

Executed this 7th day of June 2019.

By: 24 Phy - V

Mr. Kazushige Kondo President and Director Ву:

丛藤大朝-

Mr. Daisuke Kondo Secretary and Director

By: Which

Mr. Hiroshi Kondo

Director

Ву:

Mr. Talchiro Kondo

Director

By:

Mr. Yohei Kondo

Director

By:

Mr. Daizo Kondo

Director

By:

Mr. Kazuaki Nagura (Signature in PDF copy)

Director

Exhibit A

İ SHAWN N. ANDERSON United States Attorney MARIVIC P. DAVID 2 Assistant U.S. Attorney MIKEL W. SCHWAB 3 Chief, Civil Division Sirena Plaza, Suite 500 108 Hernan Cortez Avenue 5 Hagåtña, Guam 96910 PHONE: (671) 472-7332 FAX: (671) 472-7215 6 7 KENNETH E. NELSON Senior Trial Attorney 8 **Environmental Crimes Section** Department of Justice 601 D St. NW, Suite 2120 Washington, DC 20004 10 Office: (202) 305-0435 Fax: (202) 514-8865 11 Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 HE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE TERRITORY OF GUAM 13 14 UNITED STATES OF AME 15 Plaintiff 16 ÎNFORMATION 17 ACT TO PREVENT POLLUTION FROM SHIPS 18 [33 U.S.C. § 1908(a)] FUKUICHI GYOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA, 19 OBSTRUCTION OF AN AGENCY Defendant PROCEEDING 20 [18 U.S.C. § 1505] 21 THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY CHARGES: 22 COUNT ONE (Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships - 33 U.S.C. § 1908(a)) 23 24 FACTUAL BACKGROUND

At all times relevant herein,

- The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 was an ocean-going, stern-chute, purse-seiner fishing vessel. The vessel was 1,093 gross tons and was registered or "flagged" by Japan. The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 was owned and operated by defendant Fukuichi Gyogyo Kabushiki Kaisha ("FUKUICHI").
- 2. FUKUICHI was a company registered in Japan with an operating address of Kabushiki Kaiysa 5-9-25, Nakaminato, Yaizu-shi, Shizuoka-ken, 425-0021 Japan. FUKUICHI owned and operated five fishing vessels including the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112. FUKUICHI has owned and operated the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 since 1990.
- 3. The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 had a crew consisting of, among others, a Master, Fish Master, Chief Engineer and First Officer. These crewmembers acted on behalf of FUKUICHI to carry out activities on the vessel to ensure the vessel was able to operate internationally. All of the actions taken by these crewmembers as described in this Information were within the course and scope of their employment and/or agency on behalf of FUKUICHI and for its benefit, at least in part.
- On vessels like the FW Fukuichi Maru No. 112, oily waste, also known as oil bilge water and waste oil, is generated on a regular basis. Waste oil (sometimes referred to as oily mixtures) is the result of oil leakages from various machinery as well as from replacing lubrication oils in the machinery. Oily bilge water refers to oil and water that drips and leaks from machinery and mechanical systems and accumulates in the bilge, which is the bottom-most portion of the engine room. Waste oil and oily mixtures can only be disposed of in two manners: (1) incineration in the vessel's onboard incinerator, or (2) disposal to a barge or other shore-based disposal facility. Oily bilge water can also be disposed of in only two manners: (1) processing through the onboard Oil Water Separator and Oil Content Monitor resulting in an overboard discharge of water with

no more than 15 parts per million ("ppm") of oil, or (2) disposal to a barge or other shore-based disposal facility. Prior to disposal, oily bilge water is transferred to, and stored in, the vessel's bilge water holding tank. All disposals of waste oil, oily mixtures or oily bilge water, whether through incineration, use of the Oil Water Separator, or transfer to a shore-based facility, must be recorded by the person or persons in charge of those operations in the vessel's Oil Record Book. The Chief Engineer on the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 was the person in charge of these operations and required to accurately record in the Oil Record Book. The Master of the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 was required to maintain an accurate Oil Record Book.

5. The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 sailed into the United States Territory of Guam on or about April 1, 2019, to effectuate repairs to its cargo refrigeration system.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

- 6. The United States is part of an international regime that regulates the discharge of oil from vessels at sea, the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, as modified by the Protocol of 1978 (together, "MARPOL"). MARPOL is embodied in agreements that the United States has ratified and has been implemented in the United States by the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships ("APPS"), 33 U.S.C. §§ 1901 et seq. APPS makes it a crime for any person to knowingly violate MARPOL, APPS, or regulations promulgated under APPS. 33 U.S.C. § 1908. These regulations apply to all commercial vessels operating in the navigable waters of the United States or while in a port or terminal under the jurisdiction of the United States, including vessels operating under the authority of a country other than the United States. 33 U.S.C. § 1902(a)(1)(3).
- 7. MARPOL Annex I ("Regulations for the Prevention of Pollution by Oil") established international standards governing the treatment and disposal of oily mixtures generated from the machinery spaces of a vessel. Under MARPOL, oily bilge water may be

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discharged overboard into the ocean only if it does not exceed 15 ppm of oil and the ship has in operation required pollution prevention equipment. This equipment includes: an oil filter, known as an Oil Water Separator; an alarm, known as an Oil Content Monitor; and an automatic stopping device, known as a Three-Way Valve. This equipment prevents the discharge of oily bilge water containing more than 15 ppm oil, the maximum legally permitted concentration of oil in the dischargeable mixture.

- Consistent with the requirements contained in MARPOL, APPS regulations 8. require that vessels such as the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 maintain a record known as an Oil Record Book in which the disposal, transfer, and discharge overboard of sludge, oil residue, oily mixtures, and oily bilge water must be recorded. 33 C.F.R \$ 151.25(d). Discharges from the machinery spaces must be fully and accurately recorded in the Oil Record Book without delay by the person or persons in charge of the operations. 33 G.F.R. § 15125(d) and (h). The Oil Record Book also must record any emergency, accidental or other exceptional discharges of oil or oily mixtures, including a statement of the circumstances of, and reasons for, the discharge. 33 C.F.R. § 151.25(g). The Oil Record Book must be maintained aboard the vessel for not less than three years, and be readily available for inspection at all reasonable times. MARPOL Annex I Regulation 17.6; 33 C.F.R. § 151:25(i). According to 33 C.F.R. § 151.25(j), "[t]he master or other person having charge of a ship required to keep an Oil Record Book shall be responsible for the maintenance of such record." Other members of the ship's crew, including Chief Engineers, may aid and abet and cause the vessel Master's failure to maintain an accurate Oil Record Book under 18 U.S.C. § 2.
- 9. The requirements contained in MARPOL Annex V and APPS regulations prohibit the discharge overboard of plastic or garbage mixed with plastic. 33 C.F.R. § 155.67. In addition, APPS and MARPOL regulations require that vessels such as the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 keep

a written record known as a Garbage Record Book in which any discharge overboard and discharge to shore of garbage, including plastics, must be recorded, including the date and time, volume and, if discharged at sea, the latitude and longitude. 33 C.F.R. § 151.55 and MARPOL Annex V Regulation 9(3)(a). All discharges of garbage to a shore-side facility must be fully recorded. 33 C.F.R. § 155.55 (a)(1). Each discharge operation shall be recorded in the Garbage Record Book and signed for on the date of the discharge by the officer in charge and each completed page of the Garbage Record Book shall be signed by the Master of the ship. MARPOL Annex V Regulation 9(3)(a). Entries in the Garbage Record Book must be prepared at the time of the operation, certified as correct by the Master or person in charge of the ship, maintained on the ship for two years following the operation, and made available for inspection by the Coast Guard. 33 C.F.R. § 151.55(f).

- 10. The United States Coast Guard, an agency of the United States Department of Homeland Security, is charged with enforcing the laws of the United States and is empowered under Title 14, United States Code, Section 511(a), to board vessels and conduct inspections and investigations of potential violations and to determine compliance with MARPOL, APPS, and related regulations. In conducting inspections, United States Coast Guard personnel rely on the statements of the vessel's crew and documents, including information contained in the Oil Record Book and Garbage Record Book. The United States Coast Guard is specifically authorized to examine a vessel and its Oil Record Book and Garbage Record Book for compliance with MARPOL and APPS. 33 U.S.C. § 1907(d); 33 C.F.R. § 151.23(a)(3) and (c); MARPOL, Annex I, Regulation 11 & Annex V, Regulation 9; and 33 C.F.R. § 151.61(a) and (c).
- 11. On or about April 1, 2019, in Apra Harbor, within the District of Guam, and elsewhere, defendant FUKUICHI, acting through its employees and agents, who acted within the scope of their employment and agency on behalf of FUKUICHI and for the benefit of FUKUICHI,

at least in part, did knowingly fail to maintain, and caused the failure to maintain, an Oil Record Book for the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 in which the recording of all oily bilge water and oily mixtures occurred as required. Specifically, defendant FUKUICHI, failed to record in the Oil Record Book that all oily bilge water and oily mixtures that had accumulated in the engine room of the vessel had been regularly and routinely discharged directly into the sea without using an Oil Water Separator.

All in violation of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a); Title 18, United States Code, Section 2; and Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 151.25(a), (d) and (i).

COUNTTWO (Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships - 33 U.S.C. § 1908(a))

- 12. Paragraphs 1 through 10 of this Information are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 13. On or about April 1, 2019, in Apra Harbor, within the District of Guam, and elsewhere, defendant FUKUICHI, acting through its employees and agents, who acted within the scope of their employment and agency on behalf of FUKUICHI and for the benefit of FUKUICHI, at least in part, did knowingly fall to maintain, and caused the failure to maintain, a Garbage Record Book for the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 in which the recording of all discharges of garbage, including plastics, is required. Specifically, defendant FUKUICHI, failed to record in the Garbage Record Book (1) disposals of garbage to shore-side facilities; (2) discharges overboard from the vessel of fishing gear, that included plastics; and (3) proper documentation of what person was in charge of the garbage discharge operations.

All in violation of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a); Title 18, United States Code, Section 2; and Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 155(a), (b) and (d).

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COUNT THREE (Obstruction of an Agency Proceeding - 18 U.S.C. § 1505)

- 14. Paragraphs 1 through 10 of this Information are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- elsewhere, defendant FUKUICHI, acting through its employees and agents, who acted within the scope of their employment and agency on behalf of FUKUICHI, and endeavor to influence, obstruct, and impede, and endeavor to influence, obstruct, and impede, and endeavor to influence, obstruct, and impede the due and proper administration of the law under a pending proceeding by the U. S. Coast Guard and the Department of Homeland Security, that is, during a vessel examination of the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 to determine the vessel's compliance with MARPOL, APPS, and United States law, defendant FUKUICHI altered twenty-six entries in the vessel's Oil Record Book. Specifically, FUKUICHI, acting through the Ghief-Engineer, crased twenty-six entries in the Oil Record Book that had falsely recorded oily bilge water had been processed through the Oil Water Separator above the actual maximum capacity of the Oil Water Separator and replaced them with entries that falsely recorded the Oil Water Separator was used at its regulated capacity.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1505.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this ____ day of May, 2019.

SHAWN N. ANDERSON United States Attorney Districts of Guam and the NMI

By:

MARIVIC P. DAVID
Assistant U.S. Attorney

KENNETH E. NELSON Senior Trial Attorney

By:

Exhibit B SHAWN N. ANDERSON 1 United States Attorney MARIVIC P. DAVID 2 Assistant U.S. Attorney MIKEL W. SCHWAB 3 Chief, Civil Division 4 Sirena Plaza, Suite 500 108 Hernan Cortez Avenue Hagåtña, Guam 96910 5 PHONE: (671) 472-7332 6 FAX: (671) 472-7215 7 KENNETH E. NELSON Senior Trial Attorney 8 **Environmental Crimes Section** Department of Justice 601 D St. NW, Suite 2120 Washington, DC 20004 Office: (202) 305-0435 10 Fax: (202) 514-8865 11 Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 THEUNITED STATES DISTRICT CÖURT 13 FOR THE TERRITORY OF GUAM 14 UNITED STATES OF AMERIC. Case No.: 15 16 PLEA AGREEMENT 17 FUKUICHI GYÖGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA, 18 19 Defendant. 20 Pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C), the United States and the defendant, Fukuichi Gyogyo 21 Kabushiki Kaisha ("FUKUICHI" or "Defendant"), enter into the following plea agreement: 22 1. FUKUICHI agrees to waive indictment and enter a guilty plea to a three-count 23 Information charging it with two counts of violating the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships, in 24

violation of 33 U.S.C. § 1908(a), and one count of Obstruction of an Agency Proceeding, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1505.

TERMS

- 2. FUKUICHI understands that the maximum sentence for a violation of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships is a \$500,000 fine, a special assessment fee of \$400, and five years of probation. FUKUICHI understands that the maximum sentence for Obstruction of an Agency Proceeding is a \$500,000 fine, a special assessment fee of \$400, and five years of probation.
- 2(a). FUKUICHI understands that the fine and special assessment must be paid at the time of sentencing.
- 2(b). Upon the District Court's adjudication of guilt of FUKUICHI for violations of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a) and Title 18, United States Code, Section 1505, the United States Attorney for the District of Guam, and the Environmental Crimes Section of the Department of Justice, will not file any further criminal charges against FUKUICHI arising out of the same transactions or occurrences to which FUKUICHI has pled.
- 2(c). Nothing in this agreement shall protect FUKUICHI in any way from prosecution for any offense committed after the date of this agreement.
- 2(d). FUKUICHI agrees to waive any objections it may have to the United States' jurisdiction over this action of to venue in the District of Guam.

RULE 11(c)(1)(C) WARNINGS

3. Defendant is aware that, pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C) the Court may accept or reject the plea agreement, or may defer its decision as to its acceptance or rejection until it has considered the pre-sentence report. If the Court rejects the plea agreement, the court shall, on the record, inform the parties of this fact, and afford Defendant an

opportunity to withdraw the guilty plea and advise Defendant that if Defendant persists in a guilty plea, the disposition of the case may be less favorable to Defendant than that contemplated in the plea agreement. In addition, as part of the terms and conditions of this plea agreement, the parties agree that, should the Court envision sentencing Defendant to a fine or conditions lesser than the recommendation in paragraph 8 below, the United States has the right to withdraw from the plea agreement entirely.

ELEMENTS OF OFFENSES

4. Defendant acknowledges that the government can prove the following essential elements of Counts One through Three as set forth in the Information:

COUNT 1: (1) Defendant was a person;

- (2) Defendant owned the FV Fukuichi Marii No. 112, a vessel of 400 gross tons or above, which operated under the authority of a country other than the United States:
- (3) Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, knowingly maintained an Oil Record Book that did not accurately record the disposal of oily bilge waste and oily mixtures; and
- (4) The knowing failure to accurately maintain the Oil Record Book occurred in the navigable waters and jurisdiction of the United States.

All in violation of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a); Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 151.09(a)(5), 151.25(a), (d)(3), and (d)(5); and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

COUNT 2: (1) Defendant was a person;

(2) Defendant owned the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112, a vessel operated under the authority of a country other than the United States;

- (3) Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, knowingly maintained an inaccurate and false Garbage Record Book; and
- (4) The knowing failure to accurately maintain the Garbage Record Book occurred within the navigable waters and jurisdiction of the United States.

All in violation of Title 33, United States Code, Section 1908(a); Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 151.51(a)(2), 151.55(a), (b), (d), and (f); and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

COUNT 3:

- (1) Defendant was a person;
- (2) The Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, obstructed, impeded, or endeavored to impede any pending proceeding held before any department or agency of the United States; and
- (3) The Defendant, acting through an agent or employee, acted corruptly.

 All in violation of Title 18. United States Gode, Section 1505.

SENTENCING GUIDELINES

5. The parties agree that the imposition of a fine is not governed by the Sentencing Guidelines. That is because although the offense conduct to which Defendant is pleading guilty is covered by U.S.S.G. § 2Q1.3, Mishandling of Other Environmental Pollutants; Recordkeeping, Tampering, and Falsification," and U.S.S.G. § 2J1.2, "Obstruction of Justice," those Guidelines are not listed under U.S.S.G. § 8C2.1, which governs criminal fines for organizations. Accordingly, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 8C2.10, the sentence of a fine is determined by applying Title 18, United States Code, Sections 3553 and 3572.

FACTUAL BASIS

Defendant is pleading guilty because the Defendant is in fact guilty of the charges
 contained in Counts One through Three. In pleading guilty to these offenses, Defendant

acknowledges that should the case go to trial, the government could present evidence to support these charges beyond a reasonable doubt. The Factual Basis is as follows.

- 6(a). The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 is an ocean-going, stern-chute, purse-seiner fishing vessel. The vessel is 1,093 gross tons and is registered or "flagged" by Japan. FUKUICHI has owned and operated the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 since 1990. FUKUICHI is a company registered in Japan with an operating address of Kabushiki Kaiysa 5-9-25, Nakaminato, Yaizushi, Shizuoka-ken, 425-0021 Japan. FUKUICHI also owns and operates four other fishing vessels including the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 83, F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 85, E/V Fukuichi Maru No. 123, and F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 128.
- 6(b). The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 has a crew consisting of, among others, a Captain, Fish Master, Chief Engineer and First Officer. These crewmembers acted on behalf of FUKUICHI to carry out activities on the vessel to ensure the vessel was able to operate internationally. All of the actions taken by these crewmembers as described in this Factual Basis were within the course and scope of their employment and/or agency on behalf of FUKUICHI and for its benefit, at least in part.
- 6(c). On or about April 1, 2019, in Apra Harbor, Guam, members of the U.S. Coast Guard ("the inspectors") conducted a Port State Control examination of the F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112. The F/V Fukuichi Maru No. 112 had called upon Apra Harbor to effectuate repairs on its cargo refrigeration system. The inspectors discovered fifteen pollution and safety deficiencies and detained the vessel pursuant to the International Convention on the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ("MARPOL"). The inspectors discovered that there were numerous leaks of water and oil that accumulated in the engine room bilge including from service pumps, the fish hold cooling system, the diesel generators and other machinery.

- 6(d). The inspectors examined the vessel's Oil Water Separator ("OWS"). They asked the Chief Engineer of the vessel to demonstrate proper operation of the OWS, as is typical in a Port State Control Inspection. The Chief Engineer was unable to demonstrate proper operation of the OWS. The inspectors examined the OWS suction and discharge piping and found it to have no oily residue but it also appeared to not have been used recently. The inspectors, utilizing the services of an interpreter, questioned the Chief Engineer about the practice that he used on the vessel to manage oily bilge water and oil waste (also known as oil mixtures). The Chief Engineer stated that he had discharged oily bilge water and oil mixtures directly overboard through the emergency bilge pump system and by using buckets without using the OWS.
- 6(e). The inspectors examined the emergency bilge pump system and discovered that the emergency bilge pump valve was coated in heavy black oil. A flexible hose connected to the discharge side of the emergency bilge pump also contained oily residue. The examination of the OWS, emergency bilge piping, and the statements by the Chief Engineer, all indicated that it was a long-standing practice on the F/V Fukuichi Maria No. 112 to discharge oily bilge water and oily mixtures directly into the sea without using an OWS or an incinerator.
- one hardbound book that covered a time span of nearly thirty years. The inspectors noted that this was highly unusual and that a properly maintained ORB would span several volumes over the course of years. The inspectors noted that there were two hundred and thirty-three entries in the ORB indicating that the OWS was used, however, the throughput for the OWS recorded in the ORB exceeded the maximum throughput for the OWS that was documented on the International Oil Pollution Prevent ("TOPP") certificate. A subsequent review of the ORB later in the inspection revealed that the Chief Engineer had erased forty-two of the original entries in the ORB and replaced them with a throughput capacity that matched the IOPP certificate. The inspectors also

found that: (1) there were one hundred and ninety-two weekly tank soundings for the sludge tank (weekly collection) that were not logged in the ORB as required, (2) there were fifty-one shoreside disposal receipts that were not logged in the ORB as required, (3) there were seventy-one lubrication and bunker fuel deliveries that were not recorded in the ORB as required, and (4) there were seventy entries in the ORB that indicated a discharge had occurred, however, the locations of the discharges (in latitude and longitude) were not recorded as required.

6(g). The inspectors also examined the Garbage Record Book ("GRB"). The inspectors discovered that instead of the officer in charge of the operations signing his name, there were simply "ditto" marks. The GRB was missing sixty-seven entries for shore-side discharges dating from February 6, 2015, until April 1, 2019. The vessel also had onboard sixty garbage discharge receipts that did not indicate an estimated quantity of wastes discharged to the facility as required. During interviews of crewmembers, the inspectors discovered that animal carcasses and fishing gear, including plastics, had been discharged overboard from the vessel but not recorded in the GRB as required.

COOPERATION

Defendant agrees to cooperate with the United States' continuing investigation. Such cooperation will consist of providing for the transportation, lodging, and per diem costs associated with any employee or former employee of FUKUICHI that the United States requests to be present in Guam for further related proceedings.

SENTENCING RECOMMENDATIONS

8. The parties agree, having taken into consideration all of the sentencing factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. §§ 3553 and 3572, that the following sentence should be imposed upon Defendant:

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8(a). Having pleaded guilty to Counts One through Three of the Information. FUKUICHI shall (1) pay a criminal fine of \$1,500,000.00, payable immediately; (2) pay a special assessment of \$1,200.00, payable immediately; (3) be placed on probation for a period for five years, (4) as a condition of probation, no vessel owned or operated by FUKUICHI shall be permitted to enter the Exclusive Economic Zone, Territorial Sea, or a port or terminal belonging to or appertaining to the United States without the express permission of the U.S. Coast Guard Captain of the Port ("COTP") responsible for the area, (5) in the event FUKUICHI wants one of its owned or operated vessels to enter the Exclusive Economic Zone Territorial Sea, or a port or terminal belonging to or appertaining to the United States, it shall implement and submit a comprehensive Environmental Compliance Plan ("ECP") and associated vessel audits to the relevant COTP thirty days prior to entry, who shall have full discretion whether to deny or permit entry. The submitted ECP must include annual audits of FUKUICHI's vessels to ensure they are in compliance with MARPOL. None of these conditions shall be construed to prevent entry of a vessel owned or operated by FUKUICHI into the United States pursuant to a valid claim of *force* majeure HUKUICHI acknowledges that it has posted \$1,500,000.00 to the trust account of its attorney, Daniel J. Berman, to be used solely to pay the fine imposed by the Court for this matter.

WAIVER OF APPELLATE RIGHTS

9. Defendant is aware that Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742 affords Defendant the right to appeal the sentence imposed. Acknowledging this, Defendant knowingly waives its right to appeal any sentence within the maximum provided in the statute(s) of conviction or the manner in which that sentence was determined, on the grounds set forth in Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742(a) or on any ground whatever, in exchange for the concessions made by the United States in this plea agreement. In addition, Defendant expressly waives the right to petition under Title 28, United States Code, Section 2255, with the exception

of a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel. Defendant has discussed these rights with its attorneys. Defendant understands the rights being waived, and Defendant waives these rights knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily. This agreement does not affect the rights or obligations of the United States as set forth in Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742(b).

9(a). The parties reserve the right to allocute fully and will recommend that the sentence be in accordance with this plea agreement.

VICTIM RESTITUTION

- 10. Defendant shall make full restitution to the victims regarding the crimes charged. Should the district court identify victim(s) and determine that restitution is due, the district court may require Defendant to make the restitution payable at once or on a payment schedule.
- 10(a). Defendant agrees that, while the district court sets the payment schedule, this schedule may be exceeded if and when Defendant's financial circumstances change. In that event, and consistent with its statutory obligations, the United States may take any and all actions necessary to collect the maximum amount of restitution in the most expeditious manner available.
- 10(b). Defendant further understands and agrees that the United States has the obligation and the right to pursue any legal means, including, but not limited to, submission of the debt to the Treasury Offset Program, to collect the full amount of restitution.
- 10(c). Based upon the information known to the parties at the time of execution of this plea agreement, there are no known victims.

CORPORATE RESOLUTION

11. Defendant must present in open court the original corporate resolution duly enacted by Defendant's Board of Directors authorizing the entry into this plea agreement and pledging to abide by all of its terms and the probationary terms ordered by the Court.

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 12. Defendant acknowledges that Defendant has been advised of Defendant's rights as set forth below prior to entering into this Plea Agreement. Specifically, Defendant has been fully advised of, and has had sufficient opportunity to reflect upon, and understands the following:

12(a). The nature and elements of the charge and the mandatory minimum penalty provided by law, if any, and the maximum possible penalty provided by law;

12(b). Defendant's right to be represented by an attorney;

12(c). Defendant's right to plead not guilty and the right to be tried by a jury and at that trial, the right to be represented by counsel, the right to confront and cross-examine witnesses against Defendant, and the right against self-incrimination, that is, the right not to testify;

12(d). That if Defendant pleads guilty, there will not be a further trial of any kind on the charges to which such plea is entered so that by entering into this Plea Agreement, Defendant waives, that is, gives up, the right to a trial;

12(e). That, upon entry of a plea of guilty, or thereafter, the Court may ask Defendant questions about the offenses to which Defendant has pled, under oath, and that if Defendant answers these questions under oath, on the record, Defendant's answers may later be used against Defendant in prosecution for penjury or false statement if an answer is untrue;

12(f). That Defendant agrees that the Plea Agreement is voluntary and not a result of any force, threats or promises apart from this Plea Agreement;

12(g). Defendant is satisfied with the representation of counsel and agrees that Defendant's counsel has done everything possible for Defendant's defense.

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ł CONCLUSION 2 13. There are no other agreements between the United States Attorney for the District 3 of Guam, the Environmental Crimes Section of the Department of Justice, and Defendant. 4 Defendant enters this agreement knowingly, voluntarily, and upon advice of counsel. 5 14. RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this ___ day of May, 2019. 6 7 SHAWN N. ANDERSON United States Attorney 8 Districts of Guain and the NMI 9 10 MARIVICIP. DAVID Assistant U.S. Attorney 11 12 KENNETH E. NELSON Senior Trial Attorney 13 14 15 Corporate Representative 16 Fukuichi Gyogyo Kabushiki Kaisht 17 18 Daniel J. Berman Attorney for Defendant 19 20 21 22 23 24 11