## The ADVOCATE.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1994

STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

## Scientist who spoke out on fluoride gets his job back

Associated Press

WASHINGTON — A scientist fitted from the Environmental Protection Agency after raising health concerns about fluoride has won a two year battle to get his job back.

job back.

I have finally been vindicated."
said William L. Marcus. "Fighting
the federal government is by no

means an easy lask."

Labor Secretary Robert B.
Reich ordered that Marcus be
returned to his \$87,000-a-year job

at the EPA and be paid back wages, legal costs and a \$50,000 penalty.

The fuling upheld an earlier decision by Administrative Law Judge David Clarke Jr., who concluded that the EPA's chatges against Marcus were only "a pretext" and that Marcus actually was fired "because he publicly questioned and opposed EPA's fluoride policy."

EPA spokesman John Kasper said the agency would have no

comment "until we have fully reviewed the decision."

Marcus was fired May 13, 1992, after an investigation during which the agency accused him of improperly using agency information for private gain, being improperly absent from work and engaging in outside employment that appeared to pose a conflict of interest.

Marcus said the actual reason for the firing was his public concern about the safety of fluoride and his appearances as an expert witness in cases, on his own time.

witness in cases, on his own time.

The case against him was launched at the behest of chemical companies, Marcus said, and he charged that EPA officials later field and destroyed documents.

lied and destroyed documents.

Michael D. Kohn, general counsel of the National Whistleblower Center, called on the Justice Department to investigate the EPA's actions. The center supported Maicus in his legal battle to get back to work.